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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/723,932	11/26/2003	Saravanakumar V. Tiruthani	2003P00078US 9779		
	7590 10/17/2007	EXAMINER			
Attn: Elsa Keller, Legal Administrator Siemens Corporation			AVELLINO, JOSEPH E		
Intellectual Property Department 170 Wood Avenue South			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Iselin, NJ 0883			2143	2143	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/17/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)				
		10/723,932	\ /	TIRUTHANI, SARAVANAKUMAR V.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Joseph E. Av		2143			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 Se	eptember 200	<u> </u>				
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requ	uirement.				
Applicati	on Papers						
9) 🔲 🤈	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) $\square$ acce	epted or b)	objected to by the E	xaminer.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be I	neld in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)			Paper No(s)/Mail Da  Notice of Informal Pa				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/26/03.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-15 are presented for examination; claims 1, 5, and 11 independent.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The rejection under this heading is withdrawn in light of the amendment.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Berman (USPN 5,754,831, which incorporates by reference, see col. 5, lines 15-20, Application no. 08/641,599, now Patent no. 5,845,124, also to Berman, hereinafter '124).

3. Berman discloses a telecommunications method comprising:

defining one or more system components as corresponding distributed modules (i.e. network elements 310-340 being defined as associated data records representing the network elements) using a module definition language (the Office construes the phrase "module definition language" as any text, script, program, etc. which can be utilized in order to simulate, emulate, or model a particular element) (i.e. defining network elements) (col. 6, line 50 to col. 7, line 9 and also disclosed in Application no. 08/641,599, Patent no. 5,845,124: col. 2, lines 20-29);

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defining one or more system parameters (i.e. characteristics of network elements) for said one or more system components) (col. 6, line 50 to col. 7, line 9);

implementing the function defined for the system component (i.e. "as message traverses network model, it experiences mathematically computed delays") (col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 13); and

logging a result of said implementing (i.e. "a timestamp is again generated...an average timestamp is determined") (col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 13).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berman.

5. Referring to claims 3 and 4, Berman discloses the invention substantively as described in claim 1. Berman does not explicitly state that the predetermined functions include CPU load and delay, however it is well known for modeling purposes that CPU functionalities can be implemented in a modeling environment. By this rationale, "Official Notice" is taken that both the features and advantages of providing for modeling CPU load and delay is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Berman in order to model

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parameters of the CPU of the various networking elements since Berman discloses that the parameters can include element speeds, capacities, or *any suitable measurable characteristics of the same* (col. 6, lines 57-60). This would motivate one of ordinary skill in the art to include these modeling parameters in the system of Berman in order to implement a more efficient system customizable to the user.

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Claims 2, and 5-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berman in view of Takahashi et al. (USPN 7,031,895) (hereinafter Takahashi).

- 6. Referring to claim 2, Berman discloses the invention substantively as described in claim 1. Berman does not explicitly state that the defining steps are implemented on a plurality of systems. In analogous art, Takahashi discloses another telecommunications method which implements defining components and defining functions are implemented on a plurality of systems (i.e. multiple model generators 51a-c implemented in networks a-c) (Figure 8; col. 15, lines 4-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of Takahashi with Berman in order to provide simulations based on actual results of the network rather than arbitrary values assigned by the user, thereby providing a real basis for the network simulation and providing more reasonable results for the network model.
- 7. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

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8. Referring to claim 7, Berman-Takahishi discloses the invention substantively as described in claim 6. Berman-Takahishi does not explicitly discloses that the model definition language is an XML-based model definition language, however XML model definition language, however XML is a well known markup language which is known for simulation. By this rationale, "Offiicial Notice" is taken that both the concepts and advantages of using XML based model definition language as the model definition language is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Berman-Takahishi to implement XML based modeling language in order to provide an efficient method of implementation of modeling and simulation, which can be easily extensible to model further parameters of the device.

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- 9. Claims 8-11 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.
- 10. Referring to claim 12, Berman (Patent no. 5,845,124 incorporated by reference) discloses a directory defining a name and parameters of other modules being modeled by the system which a given model needs to work with (i.e. define interconnections between network elements that are visually implied but not explicitly shown) (Berman '124, Figure 4; col. 8, lines 15-25). Furthermore Takahashi discloses the use of a path appliance list which defines the list of elements within the path (e.g. abstract).

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11. Referring to claim 13, Berman discloses a loop module for modeling a non-real time component (Berman, Patent no. 5,845,124 incorporated by reference into Berman discloses modeling a client machine session which conducts 5 transactions a minute, thereby looping and issuing a new transaction every twenty seconds: Fig. 9A, attributes 900).

12. Claims 14 and 15 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

## Response to Arguments

- 13. Applicant's arguments filed September 25, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 14. In the remarks, Applicant argues, in substance, that (1) the Examiner's definition of a module definition language is overly broad, and (2) Berman does not disclose defining the elements as modules.
- 15. As to point (1), it is the position of the Office to interpret the claims as broadly as possible within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art. As such, absent from any explicit definition found in the specification, any terms will be given their broadest reasonable interpretation. With this in mind, the term "module definition language" has been defined as "any text, script, program, etc. which can be utilized in order to simulate, emulate, or model a particular element" (see rejection above). This is a

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reasonable interpretation of the claim and commensurate with one of ordinary skill in the art would interpret the phrase "module definition language" to mean. Applicant provides that a "module definition language" would be, for example XML (response, page 6), however this is merely an example of what Applicant believes is a "module definition language", and is not an explicit definition found within the specification. As such, no definition of the phrase "module definition language" can be found within the specification and therefore the interpretation given by the Examiner has been used, in which Berman clearly meets the claimed invention. By this rationale, the rejection is maintained

16. As to point (2), Applicant is incorrect. Applicant's should review the cited portions of Berman and '124 which states "creating a set of associated data records representing the network elements within the network model" ('124: col. 2, lines 20-25). This clearly meets the claimed "distributed modules" of claim 1 and the other independent claims. By this rationale, the rejection is maintained.

#### Conclusion

17. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Applicant has failed to seasonably challenge the Examiner's assertions of well known subject matter in the previous Office action(s) pursuant to the requirements set forth

under MPEP §2144.03. A "seasonable challenge" is an explicit demand for evidence set forth by Applicant in the next response. Accordingly, the claim limitations the Examiner considered as "well known" in the first Office action are now established as admitted prior art of record for the course of the prosecution. See In re Chevenard, 139 F.2d 71, 60 USPQ 239 (CCPA 1943).

18. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph E. Avellino whose telephone number is (571) 272-3905. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00-4:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571) 272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Joseph E. Avellino, Examiner

September 29, 2007